ONE PAGE SUMMARY

Language Learning › Welsh › Grammar

Beginner lessons for Grammar

Master the Basics of Welsh Grammar with Ease!

DEFINITION

> Welsh grammar involves the rules and structures used to form sentences in Welsh. Understanding these basics helps you communicate effectively in the language.

KEY CONCEPTS

Nouns

Nouns in Welsh can be singular or plural and often have gender (masculine or feminine).

Verbs

Welsh verbs change form based on tense and subject, which is crucial for sentence structure.

Adjectives

Adjectives in Welsh usually come after the noun and must agree in gender and number.

Pronouns

Pronouns replace nouns and can indicate the subject, object, or possessive form.

Sentence Structure

The typical Welsh sentence structure follows a Verb-Subject-Object order, differing from English.

EXAMPLES

→ Mae'r ci yn rhedeg. (The dog is running.)

→ Dysgu Cymraeg yw fy mhrif nod. (Learning Welsh is my main goal.)

MEMORY TIPS

★ Remember 'Mae' means 'is' to help with verb placement.

★ Use 'Cymraeg' as a keyword for Welsh language and culture.

★ Visualize nouns as either masculine or feminine using colors (blue for masculine, pink for feminine).

COMMON MISTAKES

✗ Confusing noun genders when using adjectives.

✗ Incorrect verb forms based on tense.

✗ Using English sentence structure instead of Welsh.

QUICK RECAP

Welsh grammar is essential for forming correct sentences. Focus on nouns, verbs, and their agreements. Practice the unique sentence structure to enhance your communication skills.