ONE PAGE SUMMARY

Language Learning › Pronunciation Training › Phonetics

Beginner lessons for Phonetics

Master the Basics of Phonetics for Clearer Speech!

DEFINITION

> Phonetics is the study of sounds in human speech. It helps learners pronounce words correctly and understand sound patterns.

KEY CONCEPTS

Vowels

Vowels are speech sounds produced without any significant constriction in the vocal tract.

Consonants

Consonants are sounds made by obstructing airflow, creating distinct speech sounds.

IPA

The International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) is a system for transcribing phonetic sounds.

Stress

Stress refers to the emphasis placed on certain syllables or words in speech.

Intonation

Intonation is the variation of pitch while speaking, which can change meaning.

EXAMPLES

→ The 'a' in 'cat' vs. 'father'

→ The 's' in 'see' vs. 'zoo'

→ The stress in 'record' as a noun vs. a verb

MEMORY TIPS

★ Remember 'Vowels are open, consonants are closed' for sound types.

★ Use 'IPA' as 'I Pronounce Accurately' to recall the phonetic alphabet.

★ Think of 'stress' like a weight on a word to emphasize it.

COMMON MISTAKES

✗ Confusing vowel sounds, like 'ship' and 'sheep'.

✗ Misplacing stress in multi-syllable words.

✗ Ignoring intonation patterns in questions.

QUICK RECAP

Phonetics focuses on the sounds of speech, including vowels and consonants. Understanding IPA, stress, and intonation is essential for accurate pronunciation.