ONE PAGE SUMMARY

Language Learning › Marathi › Swar

Beginner lessons for Swar

Master the Basics of Marathi Swar with Ease!

DEFINITION

> Swar refers to the vowels in the Marathi language. Understanding Swar is essential for pronunciation and forming words.

KEY CONCEPTS

Vowels in Marathi

Marathi has 12 primary vowels that form the foundation of its phonetics.

Short and Long Vowels

Each vowel can be short or long, affecting the meaning and pronunciation of words.

Nasal Vowels

Some vowels can be nasalized, adding a unique sound to the language.

Vowel Combinations

Certain vowels combine to create diphthongs, which are essential for fluent speech.

Pronunciation Practice

Regular practice of Swar pronunciation helps in improving overall language skills.

EXAMPLES

→ □ (a) as in '□□□ ' (immortal)

→ □ (aa) as in '□□□□ ' (sky)

→ □ (i) as in '□□□□ ' (here)

MEMORY TIPS

★ Associate each vowel with a familiar word in Marathi.

★ Use flashcards with vowel sounds and corresponding images.

★ Group vowels by short and long to simplify learning.

COMMON MISTAKES

✗ Confusing short and long vowel sounds.

✗ Neglecting nasalization in certain vowels.

✗ Mispronouncing vowel combinations.

QUICK RECAP

Swar are the vowels in Marathi, crucial for pronunciation and meaning. Focus on distinguishing between short and long vowels, and practice regularly to enhance your skills.