ONE PAGE SUMMARY

Creative Skills › Photography › Post-Processing

Overview

Transform Your Photos with Effective Post-Processing Techniques

DEFINITION

> Post-processing is the editing and enhancement of photographs after they are taken. It involves adjusting various elements to improve the final image quality.

KEY CONCEPTS

Exposure Adjustment

Modifying the brightness of an image to ensure proper lighting and detail.

Color Correction

Adjusting colors to make them more accurate or visually appealing, often using white balance.

Cropping

Removing unwanted parts of an image to focus on the main subject and improve composition.

Sharpening

Enhancing the clarity and detail of an image to make it appear more defined.

Filters and Effects

Applying creative styles or enhancements to change the mood or aesthetic of a photograph.

EXAMPLES

→ Brightening a dark landscape photo to reveal hidden details.

→ Using a warm filter to create a cozy atmosphere in a portrait.

→ Cropping a busy background to highlight the main subject.

MEMORY TIPS

★ Remember 'ECCS' for Exposure, Color, Crop, Sharpen.

★ Think of 'Filters for Fun' to recall creative effects.

★ Use 'Bright Colors Crop Sharp' as a phrase to remember key adjustments.

COMMON MISTAKES

✗ Over-editing images, leading to unnatural results.

✗ Neglecting to save original files before making changes.

✗ Ignoring the importance of consistent color tones.

QUICK RECAP

Post-processing enhances photographs by adjusting exposure, color, and composition. Key techniques include cropping, sharpening, and applying filters. Avoid common mistakes like over-editing to maintain image quality.