ONE PAGE SUMMARY

Competitive Exams › Law and Judiciary Exams › Judicial Services

Constitutional and Civil Law

Mastering Constitutional and Civil Law for Judicial Services Success

DEFINITION

> Constitutional and Civil Law governs the framework of the state and individual rights. It ensures justice and order in society through established legal principles.

KEY CONCEPTS

Fundamental Rights

These are basic human rights guaranteed by the Constitution, protecting individuals from state actions.

Separation of Powers

This principle divides government responsibilities into distinct branches to prevent abuse of power.

Judicial Review

The power of courts to assess whether a law is in compliance with the Constitution.

Civil Rights

These are rights that protect individuals' freedom from infringement by governments and private entities.

Precedent

Legal principles established in previous court cases that guide future case decisions.

EXAMPLES

→ Right to free speech under Article 19.

→ Case law establishing the right to privacy.

→ Landmark judgment on reservation policies.

MEMORY TIPS

★ Use the acronym 'FJSP' to remember Fundamental rights, Judicial review, Separation of powers.

★ Visualize a balanced scale to recall Separation of Powers.

★ Link landmark cases with their outcomes for better retention.

COMMON MISTAKES

✗ Confusing civil rights with fundamental rights.

✗ Neglecting the importance of landmark cases.

✗ Overlooking the role of judicial review in law.

QUICK RECAP

Constitutional and Civil Law is crucial for understanding individual rights and government structure. Focus on key concepts like Fundamental Rights and Judicial Review to excel in exams.