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India - Size and Location

Understanding India's Size and Location in Geography

DEFINITION

India is the seventh-largest country in the world, located in South Asia. Its geographical position influences its climate, culture, and economy.

KEY CONCEPTS

Geographical Coordinates

India is situated between latitudes 8°4'N and 37°6'N and longitudes 68°7'E and 97°25'E.

Area and Size

India covers approximately 3.287 million square kilometers, making it the seventh-largest country.

Neighboring Countries

India shares borders with Pakistan, China, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, and Myanmar.

Peninsular Shape

India is a peninsular country, surrounded by water on three sides, enhancing its maritime trade.

Diverse Landscapes

India's geography includes mountains, plains, deserts, and coastal regions, contributing to its biodiversity.

EXAMPLES

- India's coastline is about 7,517 kilometers long.
- The Himalayas form the northern boundary of India.
- The Thar Desert is located in northwest India.

MEMORY TIPS

- ★ Remember 'I' for India and '7' for its rank in size.
- ★ Use the acronym 'NCPB' for Neighboring Countries: Nepal, China, Pakistan, Bhutan.
- ★ Visualize India as a peninsular shape to recall its coastal geography.

COMMON MISTAKES

- ✗ Confusing India's size with its population density.
- ✗ Overlooking the significance of geographical coordinates.
- ✗ Not recognizing the importance of neighboring countries in geography.

QUICK RECAP

India is the seventh-largest country, located in South Asia with diverse landscapes. Its geographical coordinates and neighboring countries play a crucial role in its identity and influence.